PUBLIC LAW 98–586—OCT. 30, 1984
98th Congress
An Act
To designate certain national forest system lands in the State of Virginia as
wilderness, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the
United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may
be cited the “Virginia Wilderness Act of 1984”.

DESIGNATION OF WILDERNESS AREAS

SEC. 2. In furtherance of the purposes of the Wilderness Act (16
U.S.C. 1131–1136), the following lands in the State of Virginia are
hereby designated as wilderness and, therefore, as components of
the National Wilderness Preservation System:

(1) certain lands in the Jefferson National Forest, Virginia,
which comprise approximately six thousand three hundred
and seventy-five acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled
“Beartown Wilderness—Proposed”, dated February 1984, and
which shall be known as the Beartown Wilderness;

(2) certain lands in the Jefferson National Forest, Virginia,
which comprise approximately five thousand five hundred and
eighty acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled “Kimberling
Creek Wilderness—Proposed”, dated February 1984, and
which shall be known as the Kimberling Creek Wilderness;

(3) certain lands in the Jefferson National Forest, Virginia,
which comprise approximately five thousand seven hundred
and thirty acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled “Lewis
Fork Wilderness—Proposed”, dated February 1984, and which
shall be known as the Lewis Fork Wilderness;

(4) certain lands in the Jefferson National Forest, Virginia,
which comprise approximately three thousand four hundred
acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled “Little Dry Run
Wilderness—Proposed”, dated February 1984, and which shall
be known as the Little Dry Run Wilderness;

(5) certain lands in the Jefferson National Forest, Virginia,
which comprise approximately three thousand eight hundred
and fifty-five acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled
“Little Wilson Creek Wilderness—Proposed”, dated February
1984, and which shall be known as the Little Wilson Creek
Wilderness;

(6) certain lands in the Jefferson National Forest, Virginia,
which comprise approximately eight thousand two hundred and
fifty-three acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled
“Mountain Lake Wilderness—Proposed”, dated February 1984,
and which shall be known as the Mountain Lake Wilderness;

(7) certain lands in the Jefferson National Forest, Virginia,
which comprise approximately three thousand three hundred
and twenty-six acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled
“Peters Mountain Wilderness—Proposed”, dated February
1984, and which shall be known as the Peters Mountain Wilderness;

(8) certain lands in the Jefferson National Forest, Virginia,
which comprise approximately two thousand four hundred and fifty acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled “Thunder Ridge Wilderness—Proposed”, dated February 1984, and which shall be known as the Thunder Ridge Wilderness;

(9) certain lands in the Jefferson National Forest, Virginia,
which comprise approximately two hundred acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled “James River Face Wilderness Addition—Proposed”, dated September 1984, and which are hereby incorporated in, and shall be deemed to be part of, the James River Face Wilderness as designated by Public Law 93–622;

(10) certain lands in the George Washington National Forest, Virginia, which comprise approximately six thousand seven hundred and twenty-five acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled “Rameys Draft Wilderness—Proposed”, dated January 1984, and which shall be known as the Rameys Draft Wilderness; and

(11) certain lands in the George Washington National Forest, Virginia, which comprise approximately ten thousand and ninety acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled “Saint Mary’s Wilderness—Proposed”, dated January 1984, and which shall be known as the Saint Mary’s Wilderness.

MAPS AND DESCRIPTIONS

Sec. 3. As soon as practicable after enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Agriculture shall file a map and a legal description of each wilderness area designated by this Act with the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs and the Committee on Agriculture of the United States House of Representatives and with the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the United States Senate. Each such map and description shall have the same force and effect as if included in this Act, except that correction of clerical and typographical errors in each such map and description may be made by the Secretary. Each such map and description shall be on file and available for public inspection in the Office of the Chief of the Forest Service, Department of Agriculture.

ADMINISTRATION OF WILDERNESS

Sec. 4. Subject to valid existing rights, each wilderness area designated by this Act shall be administered by the Secretary of Agriculture in accordance with the provisions of the Wilderness Act governing areas designated by that Act as wilderness, except that any reference in such provisions to the effective date of the Wilderness Act shall be deemed to be a reference to the date of enactment of this Act.

EFFECT OF RARE II

Sec. 5. (a) The Congress finds that—

(1) the Department of Agriculture has completed the second roadless area review and evaluation program (RARE II); and

(2) the Congress has made its own review and examination of National Forest System roadless areas in the State of Virginia
and of the environmental impacts associated with alternative allocations of such areas.

(b) On the basis of such review, the Congress hereby determines and directs that:

(1) without passing on the question of the legal and factual sufficiency of the RARE II final environmental statement (dated January 1979) with respect to National Forest System lands in States other than Virginia, such statement shall not be subject to judicial review with respect to National Forest System lands in the State of Virginia;

(2) with respect to the National Forest System lands in the State of Virginia which were reviewed by the Department of Agriculture in the second roadless area review and evaluation (RARE II) and those lands referred to in subsection (d), except those lands designated for wilderness study upon enactment of this Act, that review and evaluation or reference shall be deemed for the purposes of the initial land management plans required for such lands by the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act of 1974, as amended by the National Forest Management Act of 1976, to be an adequate consideration of the suitability of such lands for inclusion in the National Wilderness Preservation System and the Department of Agriculture shall not be required to review the wilderness option prior to the revisions of the plans, but shall review the wilderness option when the plans are revised, which revisions will ordinarily occur on a ten-year cycle, or at least every fifteen years, unless, prior to such time, the Secretary of Agriculture finds that conditions in a unit have significantly changed;

(3) areas in the State of Virginia reviewed in such final environmental statement or referenced in subsection (d) and not designated as wilderness or for wilderness study upon enactment of this Act shall be managed for multiple use in accordance with land management plans pursuant to section 6 of the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act of 1974, as amended by the National Forest Management Act of 1976: Provided, That such areas need not be managed for the purpose of protecting their suitability for wilderness designation prior to or during revision of the initial land management plans;

(4) in the event that revised land management plans in the State of Virginia are implemented pursuant to section 6 of the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act of 1974, as amended by the National Forest Management Act of 1976, and other applicable law, areas not recommended for wilderness designation need not be managed for the purpose of protecting their suitability for wilderness designation prior to or during revision of such plans, and areas recommended for wilderness designation shall be managed for the purpose of protecting their suitability for wilderness designation as may be required by the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act of 1974, as amended by the National Forest Management Act of 1976, and other applicable law; and

(5) unless expressly authorized by Congress, the Department of Agriculture shall not conduct any further statewide roadless area review and evaluation of National Forest System lands in the State of Virginia for the purpose of determining their...
suitability for inclusion in the National Wilderness Preservation System.

(c) As used in this section, and as provided in section 6 of the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act of 1974, as amended by the National Forest Management Act of 1976, the term "revision" shall not include an "amendment" to a plan.

(d) The provisions of this section shall also apply to National Forest System roadless lands in the State of Virginia which are less than five thousand acres in size.

DESIGNATION OF WILDERNESS STUDY AREAS

Sec. 6. (a) In furtherance of the purposes of the Wilderness Act, the Secretary of Agriculture shall review, as to their suitability for preservation as wilderness, the following lands in the State of Virginia:

(1) certain lands in the George Washington National Forest, which comprise approximately nine thousand three hundred acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled "Rough Mountain Wilderness Study Area—Proposed", dated January 1984, and which shall be known as the Rough Mountain Wilderness Study Area;

(2) certain lands in the George Washington National Forest, which comprise approximately five thousand six hundred acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled "Rich Hole Wilderness Study Area—Proposed", dated January 1984, and which shall be known as the Rich Hole Wilderness Study Area;

(3) certain lands in the Jefferson National Forest, which comprise approximately five thousand eight hundred and seventy-five acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled "Barbours Creek Wilderness Study Area—Proposed", dated February 1984, and which shall be known as the Barbours Creek Wilderness Study Area; and

(4) certain lands in the Jefferson National Forest, which comprise approximately four thousand three hundred acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled "Shawvers Run Wilderness Study Area—Proposed", dated February 1984, and which shall be known as the Shawvers Run Wilderness Study Area.

(b) In carrying out the review required under this section, the Secretary shall give public notice at least sixty days in advance of any hearing or other public meeting concerning a study area.

(c) Subject to valid existing rights, the wilderness study areas designated by this section shall, until Congress determines otherwise, be administered by the Secretary so as to maintain their presently existing wilderness character and potential for inclusion in the National Wilderness Preservation System.

(d) The Secretary, in consultation with the Environmental Protection Agency and the State of Virginia, shall evaluate and report to Congress no later than two years after the date of enactment of this Act on the effects of the proposed industrial development site at Covington, Virginia, on air quality on the areas designated for wilderness study by this Act. The Secretary shall provide an interim report to the appropriate committees of Congress no later than one year after the date of enactment of this Act.
BUFFER ZONES

Sec. 7. Congress does not intend that designation of wilderness areas in the State of Virginia lead to the creation of protective perimeters or buffer zones around each wilderness area. The fact that nonwilderness activities or uses can be seen or heard from areas within the wilderness shall not, of itself, preclude such activities or uses up to the boundary of the wilderness area.


LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 5121:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-712, Part 1 (Comm. on Interior and Insular Affairs).
May 8, considered and passed House.
Oct. 4, considered and passed Senate, amended.
Oct. 9, House concurred in Senate amendment.